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ANSWER 450 OF 450 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
     1925:4542 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     19:4542
OREF 19:634e-f
     Syntheses with \beta,\beta'-dichloroethyl ether
TI
     Cretcher, L. H.; Pittenger, W. H.
ΑU
     Journal of the American Chemical Society (1925), 47, 163-6
SO
     CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
DT
     Journal
     Unavailable
LA
os
     CASREACT 19:4542
     (ClCH2CH2)20 reacts with Na alkoxides to give substituted diethyl ethers:
AB
     \beta-chloro-\beta' -methoxy, b744, 169°, d1516 1.0562, 58%
     yield; bis-[\beta-methoxy], b736 161.5°, d1515 0.9514, 36% yield;
     bis-[β-ethoxy], b735 187°, d1515 0.9149, 41% yield;
     bis-[β-propoxy], b737 219°, d1516 0.8877, 40% yield;
     bis-[\beta-butoxy], b741 250-2°, d1516 0.8847, 45% yield. Primary
     aromatic amines and (ClCH2CH2)20, boiled with 35% aqueous NaOH, give
     morpholines: 4-p-tolyl, b30 167, m. 51°; 4-\beta-naphthyl, b30
     239°, m. 90°; 4-\alpha-naphthyl, m. 83°. The yields
     were about 35%. Na salts of organic acids react if a small amount of
Et2NH is
     used as a catalyst. The following substituted diethyl ethers were
prepared:
     bis-[β-acetoxy], b26 148°, d1515 1.1078, 45% yield;
     β-chloro-β'-benzoxy, b25 191°, d1615 1.1841, 44% yield;
     his-[β-benzoxy], b24 279-81, d1516 1.1701, 55% yield.
     7508-21-6, Morpholine, 4-[2-naphthyl]-
IT
        (preparation of)
RN
     7508-21-6 CAPLUS
     Morpholine, 4-(2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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elected compand cl. 41

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:7906 CAPLUS Full-text
- TI DNA-dependent protein kinase inhibitors as drug candidates for the treatment of cancer
- AU Kashishian, Adam; Douangpanya, Heather; Clark, Darcey; Schlachter, Stephen T.; Eary, C. Todd; Schiro, Justin G.; Huang, Hongmei; Burgess, Larry E.; Kesicki, Edward A.; Halbrook, James
- CS ICOS Corporation, Bothell, WA, USA
- SO Molecular Cancer Therapeutics (2003), 2(12), 1257-1264 CODEN: MCTOCF; ISSN: 1535-7163
- PB American Association for Cancer Research
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Cancer presents a difficult challenge for oncologists, as there are few ABtherapies that specifically target disease cells. Existing treatment strategies rely heavily on phys. and chemical agents that nonspecifically affect DNA metabolism To improve the effectiveness of these treatments, we have identified a new class of protein kinase inhibitor that targets a major DNA repair pathway. A representative of this class, 1-(2-hydroxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-ethanone, inhibits the DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) and differs significantly from previously studied DNA-PK inhibitors both structurally and functionally. DNA-PK participates in the cellular response to and repair of chromosomal DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs). These new selective inhibitors recapitulate the phenotype of DNA-PK defective cell lines including those from SCID mice. These compds. directly inhibit the repair of DNA DSBs and consequently enhance the cytotoxicity of phys. and chemical agents that induce DSBs but not other DNA lesions. In contrast to previously studied DNA-PK inhibitors, these compds. appear benign, exhibiting no toxic effects in the absence of DSB-inducing treatments. Most importantly, 1-(2-hydroxy-4-morpholin-4-yl- phenyl)ethanone synergistically enhances radiation-induced tumor control in a mouse-human xenograft assay. These studies validate DNA-PK as a cancer drug target and suggest a new approach for enhancing the effects of existing cancer therapies.
- IT 404009-40-1 404011-13-8

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(DNA-dependent protein kinase inhibitors as drug candidates for treatment of cancer in relation to RPA phosphorylation)

RN 404009-40-1 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404011-13-8 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 2-hydroxy-1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:830035 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:317212

TI Interactive Competition Between Homologous Recombination and Non-Homologous End Joining

AU Allen, Chris; Halbrook, James; Nickoloff, Jac A.

CS Department of Molecular Genetics and Microbiology, University of New Mexico School of Medicine, Albuquerque, NM, 87131, USA

SO Molecular Cancer Research (2003), 1(12), 913-920 CODEN: MCROC5; ISSN: 1541-7786

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK), composed of Ku70, Ku80, and the AB catalytic subunit (DNA-PKcs), is involved in double-strand break (DSB) repair by non-homologous end joining (NHEJ). DNA-PKcs defects confer ionizing radiation sensitivity and increase homologous recombination (HR). Increased HR is consistent with passive shunting of DSBs from NHEJ to HR. We therefore predicted that inhibiting the DNA-PKcs kinase would increase HR. A novel DNA-PKcs inhibitor (1-(2-hydroxy-4-morpholin-4-ylphenyl) - ethanone; designated IC86621) increased ionizing radiation sensitivity but surprisingly decreased spontaneous and DSB-induced HR. Wortmannin also inhibits DNA-PKcs and reduces DSB-induced HR. did not affect HR product outcome, indicating that it affects HR initiation. Thus, HR is increased in the absence of DNA-PKcs, but decreased when DNA-PKcs is catalytically inactive, suggesting interactive competition between HR and NHEJ. The effects of IC86621 and wortmannin were proportional to the level of DNA-PKcs, consistent with inhibited DNA-PKcs acting in a dominant neg. manner. We propose that inhibition of DNA-PKcs blocks its autophosphorylation, prevents dissociation of DNA-PKcs from DNA ends, and thereby blocks both HR and NHEJ. By blocking the two major DSB repair pathways, DNA-PKcs inhibitors should radiosensitize at all cell-cycle stages and are therefore excellent candidates for augmenting cancer radiotherapy.

IT 404009-40-1, IC 86621

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(interactive competition between homologous recombination and non-homologous end joining: DNA-PKcs inhibitors as radiosensitizers)

RN 404009-40-1 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 73 THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L4
     2002:185097 CAPLUS Full-text
AN
     136:247591
DN
     Preparation of arylmorpholines as inhibitors of DNA-dependent protein
TI
     kinase and methods to potentiate cancer treatment
     Halbrook, James; Kesicki, Edward; Burgess, Laurence E.; Schlachter,
IN
     Stephen T.; Eary, Charles T.; Schiro, Justin G.; Huang, Hongmei; Evans,
    Michael; Han, Yongxin
     Icos Corporation, USA
PΑ
     PCT Int. Appl., 247 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
                                                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           _____
                                           WO 2001-US26709 20010828
     WO 2002020500
                      A2
                            20020314
PΙ
     WO 2002020500
                     A3
                            20030731
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                         AU 2001-88432
                                                            20010828
     AU 2001088432
                       Α5
                            20020322
                            20021107
                                           US 2001-941897
                                                            20010828
     US 2002165218
                       A1
                                           EP 2001-968164
                                                            20010828
                       A2
                            20031015
     EP 1351946
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                            20000901
PRAI US 2000-229899P
                       Р
     WO 2001-US26709
                       W
                            20010828
     MARPAT 136:247591
OS
GΙ
                       II
     Compds. that inhibit DNA-dependent protein kinase, I [n = 0-4; X =
AB
      (un) substituted 4-7 membered aliphatic ring containing 0-3 heteroatoms
     consisting of N, O and S (X = morpholinyl preferred); Z = independently
     N or CR3; R3 = independently H, halo, CHO, alkoxy, etc.; R1 = H,
      (un) substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, CO, NO2, etc.; R2 = H,
      (un) substituted alkyl, carbamoyl, alkoxy, sulfamyl, etc.; with provision
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when X = morpholinyl, R2 and R4 and R3 = H at each occurrence, then R1 is different from COMe, phenylalkene, and NO2; and with the provision that when X = morpholinyl, R4 = H and Z = N at each occurrence, then R1 and R2 when taken together is different from triazole], were prepared

and compns. of I with other antineoplastic agents are claimed for use in cancer treatment therapy. Thus, II was prepared in 23% yield via formylation of 3-(4-morpholinyl)phenol. II demonstrated an IC50 value of 400 nM in DNA-PK assay. Preliminary results of animal tumor model studies indicate II enhanced the tumoristatic effect of total body irradiation (using 100-500 rad  $\gamma$ -radiation, II delayed tumor growth 1.2 to 1.8-fold relative to animals receiving radiation only).

IT 404009-40-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(target compound; preparation of arylmorpholines as inhibitors of DNA-dependent protein kinase for cancer treatment)

RN 404009-40-1 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 404010-44-2P 404010-52-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(target compound; preparation of arylmorpholines as inhibitors of DNA-dependent protein kinase for cancer treatment)

RN 404010-44-2 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 2-chloro-1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-52-2 CAPLUS

CN Ethanethioic acid, S-[2-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-oxoethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 404009-42-3P 404009-44-5P 404009-48-9P

404010-36-2P 404010-38-4P 404010-45-3P

404010-46-4P 404010-47-5P 404010-51-1P

404010-53-3P 404011-13-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (target compound; preparation of arylmorpholines as inhibitors of DNA-dependent protein kinase for cancer treatment)

RN 404009-42-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404009-44-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404009-48-9 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-36-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pentanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-38-4 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-45-3 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-46-4 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-47-5 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-51-1 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-[methyl(phenylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404010-53-3 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-2-mercapto- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 404011-13-8 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 2-hydroxy-1-[2-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{HO} \\ \text{HO-CH}_2 - \\ \\ \end{array}$$

=> d l1; d his; log y
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR

G1 C,O,S,N,P G2 H,O,S,N,X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:41:50 ON 20 MAY 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:41:57 ON 20 MAY 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1

L3 14 S L1 FUL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:42:21 ON 20 MAY 2004

L4 3 S L3

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	15.15	170.78
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-2.08	-2.08

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:43:20 ON 20 MAY 2004